SPUR - San Francisco Bay Area Planning and Urban Research Association

Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2023

with

Report of Independent Auditors



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Report of Independent Auditors

To the Board of Directors SPUR - San Francisco Bay Area Planning and Urban Research Association

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of SPUR - San Francisco Bay Area Planning and Urban Research Association, which comprise the statement of financial position as of March 31, 2023, and the related statements of activities and changes in net assets, functional expenses and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of SPUR - San Francisco Bay Area Planning and Urban Research Association as of March 31, 2023, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America

WMB², LLP

Larkspur, California August 29, 2023

WMB2, ULP

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION MARCH 31, 2023 AND 2022

Assets

	 2023	 2022
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 259,218	\$ 689,443
Receivables: Contributions receivable	1 000 007	050,000
Grants receivable	1,023,967	656,000
Prepaid expenses	545,113 49,864	1,197,952 74,320
r repaire expenses	 49,004	74,320
Total current assets	 1,878,162	 2,617,715
Property and equipment		
Property, and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation		
of \$5,358,421 in 2023 and \$4,791,024 in 2022	10,564,120	10,884,040
		. ,
Other noncurrent assets		
Long-term investments	 4,064,525	 5,685,285
Total noncurrent assets	14,628,645	16,569,325
Total assets	\$ 16,506,807	\$ 19,187,040
Liabilities and Net assets		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 197,394	\$ 160,544
Accrued compensated balances	397,376	328,130
Deferred revenue	25,900	43,500
Current portion of long-term debt	 116,000	 116,000
Total current liabilities	736,670	 648,174
Noncurrent liabilities		
Long-term debt	2,088,000	 2,204,000
Total new comment the NULL		_
Total noncurrent liabilities	 2,088,000	 2,204,000
Total liabilities	 2,824,670	2,852,174
Net assets		
Unrestricted	8,989,136	10 051 777
Unrestricted-board designated	2,813,320	10,051,777 3,029,036
Without donor restrictions	 11,802,456	 13,080,813
With donor restrictions	 1,879,681	3,254,053
	 	
Total net assets	 13,682,137	 16,334,866
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 16,506,807	\$ 19,187,040

See accompanying notes.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023 AND COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR 2022

	Without donor restrictions		With donor restrictions		2023 Totals		2022 Totals only	
Support and revenue								
Contributions	\$	3,187,477	\$	140,000	\$	3,327,477	\$	3,644,202
Memberships	•	216,000	•	- 10,000	Ψ	216,000	Ψ	238,125
Grants		727,000		542,999		1,269,999		2,656,193
Special events, net		486,344		,000		486,344		757,127
Fee for service		-		533,690		533,690		330,121
Rental income		198,514		-		198,514		54,021
Program fees		94,044		_		94,044		79,700
Net investment return		(164,645)		(205,559)		(370,204)		(134,437)
Net assets released from restrictions		2,385,502		(2,385,502)		-		(104,407)
Total support and other revenue		7,130,236		(1,374,372)		5,755,864		7,625,052
Expenses								
Program services		6,458,017		_		6,458,017		5,648,890
Management and general		851,936		_		851,936		763,117
Fundraising		1,098,639				1,098,639		962,518
Total expenses		8,408,592		-		8,408,592		7,374,525
Change in net assets		(1,278,356)		(1,374,372)		(2,652,728)		250,527
Net assets, beginning of year		13,080,812		3,254,053		16,334,865		16,084,340
Net assets, end of year	\$	11,802,456	_\$	1,879,681	_\$_	13,682,137	\$	16,334,866

STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023 AND COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR 2022

	Program	Ма	nagement			2023	2022
	 Services	an	d General	F	undraising	Totals	 Totals only
Salaries	\$ 3,504,378	\$	455,114	\$	591,648	\$ 4,551,140	\$ 4,107,423
Payroll taxes	267,534		34,745		45,168	347,447	302,235
Employee benefits	285,776		37,114		48,248	371,138	348,966
Conference and meetings	54,512		7,079		9,203	70,794	560
Depreciation and amortization	246,338		31,992		41,590	319,920	333,596
Information technology	66,530		8,640		11,232	86,402	65,384
Insurance	31,536		4,096		5,324	40,956	38,305
Interest expense	45,285		5,881		7,645	58,811	61,740
Marketing and advertising	42,500		5,519		7,175	55,194	26,095
Miscellaneous expenses	42,171		5,477		7,120	54,768	67,226
Occupancy	122,270		27,928		27,407	177,605	117,535
Office expenses	49,265		18,086		23,513	90,864	92,441
Postage and shipping	9,044		1,523		1,979	12,546	8,561
Printing and reproductions	45,067		7,676		9,979	62,722	39,189
Professional fees	1,406,628		143,962		187,173	1,737,763	1,334,661
Program supplies	152,161		45,143		58,686	255,990	362,280
Telephone	30,783		3,998		5,197	39,978	38,961
Travel	56,240		7,963		10,352	 74,555	 29,368
							_
	\$ 6,458,017	\$	851,936	\$	1,098,639	\$ 8,408,592	 7,374,525

Overhead rate calculation	Expenses	2023	2022
Program services Management and general	\$ 6,458,017 \$ 851,936	76.80% 10.13%	77.65% 9.32%
Fundraising	\$ 1,098,639	13.07%	13.03%
Base	\$ 8,408,592	100.00%	100.00%

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED MARCH 31, 2023 AND 2022

	2023			2022
Cash flows from operating activities				
Change in net assets	\$	(2,652,728)	\$	250,527
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net				
cash provided by operating activities:		040.000		222 506
Depreciation expense		319,920		333,596
Unrealized (gain) loss on investments		436,106		214,220 (105)
Realized loss on investments		-		(103)
(Increase) decrease in assets:		204 072		(1,128,474)
Receivables		284,872 24,456		(21,811)
Prepaid expenses		24,436		(21,011)
Deposits		-		-
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:		36,850		17,254
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Accrued compensated balances		69,246		(27,788)
Accrued compensated balances Accrued interest		09,240		(27,700)
Deferred revenue		(17,600)		(13,500)
Deferred revenue Deferred rent		(17,000)		(10,000)
Deterred territ				
Net cash provided by operating activities		(1,498,878)		(376,081)
Cook flows from investing activities				
Cash flows from investing activities		1,184,654		(1,079,423)
Change in investments Purchases of property and equipment		1,104,004		(1,079,425)
Purchases of property and equipment				
Net cash (used) provided by investing activities		1,184,654		(1,079,423)
, ,,				
Cash flows from financing activities		(440,000)		(440,000)
Change in loan payable		(116,000)		(116,000)
Net cash used for financing activities		(116,000)		(116,000)
•				
Increase in cash and cash equivalents		(430,224)		(1,571,504)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		689,443		2,260,947
	•	050.040	Φ.	000 440
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	259,218		689,443
CASH PAID DURING THE YEAR FOR:				
INTEREST	\$	60,267	\$	63,196

Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2023

Note 1 – Summary of significant accounting policies

Organization

SPUR - San Francisco Bay Area Planning and Urban Research Association (SPUR) is a non-profit California corporation engaged in activities relating to current issues affecting the future of the San Francisco Bay Area. SPUR's history dates back to 1910, and SPUR was incorporated in 1959. SPUR provides continuing independent guidance to the community and governing bodies involving matters vital to the economic and social welfare of the San Francisco Bay Area.

A significant amount of SPUR's revenue is obtained from its approximately 6,500 members that include individuals and public sector businesses. In addition, SPUR receives funds from charitable foundations for both baseline support and special projects to meet its mission.

The following programs are included in the accompanying financial statements:

- Policy SPUR provides objective analysis on the following seven policy areas: community planning, economic justice, good government, housing, regional planning, sustainability and resilience, and transportation.
- Public Engagement SPUR provides education through events, exhibitions, policy reports, a voter guide, a monthly publication, and a website.

Basis of accounting

SPUR prepared the accompanying financial statements using the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP). SPUR records revenues when earned and expenses when incurring the related obligation. SPUR recognizes revenues from reimbursable cost contracts when incurring the related expenses.

Net assets

Net assets, revenues, gains, and losses are classified based on the existence or absence of donor or grantor-imposed restrictions. Accordingly, net assets and changes therein are classified and reported as follows:

Net assets without donor restrictions – Net assets available for use in general operations and not subject to donor (or certain grantor) restrictions.

Net assets with donor restrictions – Net assets subject to donor (or certain grantor) imposed restrictions. Some donor-imposed restrictions are temporary in nature, such as those that will be met by the passage of time or other events specified by the donor. Other donor-imposed restrictions are perpetual in nature, where the donor stipulates that resources be maintained in perpetuity. Donor-imposed restrictions are released when a restriction expires; that is, when the stipulated time has elapsed, when the stipulated purpose for which the resource was restricted has been fulfilled, or both.

Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2023

Note 1 – Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Fair value

SPUR uses a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. This hierarchy consists of three broad levels: Level 1 inputs consist of unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and have the highest priority. Level 2 inputs consist of observable inputs other than quoted prices for identical assets. Level 3 inputs consist of unobservable inputs that reflect internal judgments and have the lowest priority. SPUR uses appropriate valuation techniques based on the available inputs to measure the fair value of its investments. When available, SPUR measures fair value using Level 1 inputs because they generally provide the most reliable evidence of fair value. SPUR only uses Level 3 inputs when Level 1 or Level 2 inputs are not available.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist principally of amounts on deposit with commercial banks. SPUR considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Investments

Short-term investments consist principally of certificates of deposit with original maturities of twelve months or less. Long term investments consist principally of registered investment company shares (mutual funds). Investments are recorded at fair value Level 1 in the statement of financial position. Net investment return consists of interest, dividends, gain or loss on the sale of investments, and appreciation or depreciation of holding investments, net of investment management fees. SPUR recognizes net investment return when earned.

Receivables

Contributions and grants receivable consist principally of amounts due from SPUR members and several donors, all due within one year.

Other receivables consist principally of amounts expended by SPUR under cost-reimbursement contracts but not reimbursed by the contractor, all due within one year.

Allowance for uncollectible receivables

SPUR uses the allowance method to account for uncollectible receivables. Under this method, SPUR reviews all receivables for any problems with collectability. If SPUR feels that there may be a problem with collections, it provides for an allowance for the receivable. When attempts to collect a specific receivable are unsuccessful, SPUR considers the account uncollectible and writes it off against the allowance. As of March 31, 2023, the allowance for uncollectible receivables was \$10,000.

Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2023

Note 1 – Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Property and equipment

Property and equipment consist of land, building, leasehold improvements and equipment. SPUR records purchased property and equipment at cost. SPUR records donated property and equipment at fair value. SPUR computes depreciation on property and equipment using the straight-line method over estimated useful lives ranging from five years for equipment to forty years for building and improvements. SPUR employs a policy of capitalizing expenditures of \$5,000 or more and with a useful life of more than one year.

Revenue

SPUR does not recognize support from fee for service contracts until it fulfills the conditions, generally by expending costs and performing services to accomplish the requirements of the contracts.

Rental income consists of revenue generated from the Urban Center for third party special events. SPUR recognizes the revenue when the event takes place.

SPUR earns revenue from its various programs. SPUR recognizes program revenue when the related program occurs. Payments received prior to the event are included in deferred revenue.

Contributed goods and services

Contributions of donated noncash assets are recorded at fair value in the period received. Contributions of donated services are recognized when received if the services (a) create or enhance nonfinancial assets, or (b) require specialized skills, are provided by individuals possessing those skills, and would typically need to be purchased if not provided by donation. For the year ended March 31, 2023, no contributed goods and services were provided that met the criteria for valuation and recordation.

Special events

Special events revenue, net of direct donor benefit costs, is recognized when the fundraising event takes place.

Leases

As of April 1, 2022, SPUR has adopted the requirements in FASB ASU 2016-02, *Leases Topic 842*. Under these new requirements, lessees are required to recognize lease assets and lease liabilities on the statement of financial position for all leases with terms longer than 12 months. Leases will be classified as either financing or operating, with classification affecting the pattern of expense recognition in the statement of activities and changes in net assets.

As of March 31, 2023, SPUR does not have any leases that are affected by this FASB so there is no change to the statement of financial position.

Notes to Financial Statements
March 31, 2023

Note 1 – Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Although management of SPUR based these estimates on their knowledge of current events and actions they may undertake in the future, they may ultimately differ from actual results.

Income taxes

The Internal Revenue Service (IRS) and State of California Franchise Tax Board approved SPUR as exempt from federal income tax under the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) and from California bank and corporation taxes under the California Revenue and Taxation Code. In addition, the IRS approved SPUR to receive contributions that qualify for the charitable contribution deduction under the IRC and as a publicly supported organization as described in the IRC. Accordingly, donors are entitled to the maximum charitable contribution deduction allowed by law. Management of SPUR concluded that no activities of SPUR jeopardized its exemption from income taxes or its classification as a "public charity", or subjected SPUR to taxes on unrelated business income. Consequently, SPUR did not provide for any income taxes. SPUR follows accounting principles generally accepted in the United States relating to the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes. Adoption of these provisions did not have any impact on SPUR's accounting for unrecognized tax liabilities. Management believes that SPUR has adequately addressed all tax positions and that there are no unrecorded tax liabilities. Tax years 2019 to 2022 are open for examination by the Internal Revenue Service and years 2020 to 2022 by the California Franchise Tax Board.

Prior year totals

The columns on the accompanying financial statements captioned "Totals only" represent certain prior-year summarized comparative information in total but not by net asset class. Such information does not include sufficient detail to constitute a presentation in conformity with U.S. GAAP. Accordingly, read such information in conjunction with the financial statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2022, from which SPUR derived the summarized information.

Allocation of functional expenses

SPUR summarizes the costs of providing various programs and other activities on a functional basis herein. Accordingly, SPUR allocated certain costs between program and supporting services based on estimates of time and usage.

Advertising expenses

The costs of advertising are expensed as incurred. Advertising expenses for the year ended March 31, 2023 were \$55,194.

Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2023

Note 2 – Property and equipment

Property and equipment

Land	\$ 3,269,975
Building and improvements	11,501,904
Library, furniture and equipment	1,150,662
Total property and equipment	15,922,541
Accumulated depreciation	(5,358,421)
Property and equipment, net	\$ 10,564,120

Note 3 – Investments

As of March 31, 2023, investments total as follows:

<u>Mutuai funds</u>		
Equity	\$	2,540,424
Fixed income		1,524,101
Real estate		-
	\$	4,064,525

During the year ended March 31, 2023, SPUR did not transfer any investments among the different fair value input levels.

During the year ended March 31, 2023, net investment return totals as follows:

Note 3 – Investments (continued)

Advisory fees	(30,000)

Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2023

Note 4 – Deferred revenue

Deferred revenue mainly consists of monies collected in advance for events to be held during the year ended March 31, 2023.

Note 5 – Loan payable

On December 1, 2007, the California Municipal Finance Authority issued Variable Rate Revenue bonds in the amount of \$6,935,000, the proceeds financing the construction of SPUR's new building in San Francisco. Partial redemptions were made between 2012 and 2016. On October 3, 2016, the remaining bonds payable of \$2,900,000 was converted to a term interest rate loan with JP Morgan Chase Bank. The loan is to be paid over a 10-year period and bears a fixed interest rate of 2.51%. Principal is payable annually beginning on October 1, 2017 and interest is payable semiannually beginning October 1, 2017. The loan is secured by a Deed of Trust. The loan payable is subject to various financial covenants.

Principal payments under the loan payable for the years ending March 31 are as follows:

2023	\$ 116,000
2024	116,000
2025	116,000
2026	116,000
2027	 1,740,000
	\$ 2,204,000

Note 6 – Net assets without donor restrictions

During the year ended year ended March 31, 2023, net assets without donor restrictions reconcile as follows:

Undesignated	\$ 8,989,136
Board designated: Operations	1,794,396
Board designated: Building fund	549,013
Board designated: Capital replacement	469,911
	\$ 11,802,456

Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2023

Note 7 – Net assets with donor restrictions

During the year ended year ended March 31, 2023, net assets with donor restrictions reconcile as follows:

Purpose restricted					
Activity	2022	Add	ditions	Releases	2023
Electric action	\$ -		80,000	(65,750)	14,250
Regional work	270,000		-	(270,000)	-
San Jose	432,952		-	(225,000)	207,952
San Francisco	525,000		60,000	(198,852)	386,148
Food and Agriculture	949,185		542,999	(972,593)	519,591
Piero N. Patri Fellowship (interest)	62,493		-	(62,493)	
Total program restricted net assets	2,239,630		682,999	(1,794,688)	1,127,941
Time restricted	309,059		46,375	(309,059)	46,375
Perpetual in nature					
Permanently restricted	705,365				 705,365
	\$ 3,254,054	\$	729,374	\$ (2,103,747)	\$ 1,879,681

Note 8 – Permanently restricted and board designated funds

Permanently restricted and board designated funds consist of both donor-restricted funds that SPUR must hold in perpetuity or for a donor-specified period, and board-designated funds. Donor-restricted funds consist of the Piero N. Patri Fellowship in Urban Design funds. The income generated from the fellowship is to be used to fund students or post-graduate fellows to work on projects selected by SPUR. The Board designated funds generate income to be used to fund operations. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, net assets associated with these funds are classified and reported based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions.

SPUR is subject to the State Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (SPMIFA) and, therefore, classifies amounts in its donor-restricted fund as net assets with donor restrictions until the Board appropriates amounts for expenditure and any purpose restrictions have been met. SPUR's board has interpreted SPMIFA as requiring the maintenance of only the original gift amount contributed to the fund, unless a donor stipulates the contrary.

As a result of this interpretation, SPUR would consider the fund to be underwater if the fair value of the fund is less than the sum of (1) the original value of initial and subsequent gifts donated to the fund and (2) any accumulations to the fund that are required to be maintained in perpetuity in accordance with applicable donor gift instruments. SPUR has

Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2023

Note 8 – Permanently restricted and board designated funds (continued)

interpreted SPMIFA to permit spending from underwater funds in accordance with prudent measures required under the law. The fund is not currently underwater.

In accordance with SPMIFA, SPUR considers the following factors in making a determination to appropriate or accumulate donor-restricted funds:

- 1. The duration and preservation of the funds
- 2. The purposes of SPUR and the funds
- 3. General economic conditions
- 4. The possible effect of inflation or deflation
- 5. The expected total return from income and the appreciation of investments
- 6. Other resources of SPUR
- 7. The investment policy of SPUR

SPUR has adopted investment and spending policies for these assets that attempt to provide a predictable stream of funding to programs supported by the funds while seeking to maintain the purchasing power of the assets. The investment policy of SPUR is to preserve and protect assets of the organization while earning an appropriate rate of return of each category of assets.

The goals that will govern SPUR's investment activities are, in order of priority:

- 1. Safety and preservation of principal
- 2. Liquidity of investments sufficient to meet cash flow requirements
- 3. To maximize return on investments while meeting objectives 1 and 2 above

Note 9 – Special events

SPUR holds an annual event called the Silver SPUR Awards to honor citizens who have made a significant contribution to the community. It also holds an Ideas + Action Symposium.

Special events for the year ended March 31, 2023 consist of the following:

	 ver SPUR Awards	Otl	ner events	Total		
Support and revenue Direct donor-benefit costs	\$ 756,675 298,658	\$	181,784 153,467	\$	938,459 452,125	
Special events, net	\$ 458,017	\$	28,317	\$	486,334	

Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2023

Note 10 - Retirement plan

SPUR offers a retirement plan under section 403(b) of the Internal Revenue Code. Employees may elect to defer a portion of their salary into the plan. SPUR may match up to 25% of employee deferrals or otherwise contribute additional amounts for the benefit of those employees meeting certain participation criteria. The funds are used to purchase an annuity contract with the Teachers Insurance and Annuity Association of America. During the year ended March 31, 2023, SPUR contributed \$91,933 to the plan.

Note 11 - Liquidity and availability of financial assets

The following reflects SPUR's financial assets as of the statement of financial position date, reduced by amounts not available for general use because of contractual or donor-imposed restrictions within one year of the statement of financial position date. Amounts available include donor restricted amounts that are available for general expenditure in the following year. Amounts not available include amounts set aside as an endowment, and board designated building fund that could be drawn upon if the Board of directors approves that action.

Financial assets, at year-end: Cash and cash equivalents Receivables Investments	\$	259,218 1,569,080 4,064,525
Less those unavailable for general expenditures		5,892,823
within one year, due to:		
Donor permanently restricted		705,365
Donor restricted for specific purpose		831,370
Donor restricted for specific period		-
Board designated for building fund		549,013
Board designated for operating reserve		1,794,396
Board designated for capital reserve		469,911
Undesignated		_
		4,350,055
Financial assets available to meet cash needs for general expenditures within one year	_\$_	1,542,768

As part of its liquidity management, SPUR invests cash in excess of daily requirements in long-term investments.

Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2023

Note 12 – Risks and uncertainties

Cash and cash equivalents held by commercial banks exceeded federal deposit insurance limits at various times during the year ended March 31, 2023.

Two investment firms hold all the investments of SPUR and make investment decisions for SPUR, based on investment policies approved by the board of directors of SPUR. Investments held by the investment firm exceeded Securities Investor Protection Corporation limits at various times during the year ended March 31, 2023.

Investments are subject to credit, interest rate and market risks. Credit risk is the probability that parties holding or supporting an investment will default or otherwise fail to perform. Interest rate risk is the risk that interest rates in the market will change relative to the interest rates earned on SPUR investments. Market risk is the inherent change in the fair value of an investment due to changes in conditions.

SPUR manages risk to its investments by periodically reviewing investments for compliance with their investment policy and investment returns for comparability to the general market and specific investment class returns.

Receivables are subject to collection risk. Collection risk is the probability that the financial condition or other circumstances of a contractor/grantor may change, reducing or eliminating the subsequent collection of receivables.

SPUR has received support that may be subject to audit or review by the grantor agencies. Management believes that SPUR has complied with all aspects of grant and contract provisions and disallowed costs, if any, would be insignificant to its financial position.

Note 13 – Subsequent events

SPUR evaluated subsequent events for recognition and disclosure through August 29, 2023, the date which these financial statements were available to be issued. Management concluded that there were no material subsequent events that have occurred since March 31, 2023.