## SPUR - San Francisco Bay Area Planning and Urban Research Association

Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2021

with

Report of Independent Auditors



101 LARKSPUR LANDING CIRCLE SUITE 200. LARKSPUR. CA. 94939

MAIN OFFICE (415) 925-1120 FAX (415) 925-1140

#### Report of Independent Auditors

To the Board of Directors SPUR - San Francisco Bay Area Planning and Urban Research Association

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of SPUR - San Francisco Bay Area Planning and Urban Research Association, which comprise the statement of financial position as of March 31, 2021, and the related statements of activities and changes in net assets, functional expenses and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

## Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of SPUR - San Francisco Bay Area Planning and Urban Research Association as of March 31, 2021, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America

WMB<sup>2</sup>, LLP

Larkspur, California September 29, 2021

WMB? LLP

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION MARCH 31, 2021 AND 2020

#### Assets

Assets	2021		2020
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,260,946	\$	1,761,384
Receivables:	5,000		645 250
Contributions receivable	5,000 720,478		645,358 765,471
Grants receivable	720,478		765,471 48,413
Other receivables Prepaid expenses	52,509		128,091
Frepaid expenses	 32,003		120,001
Total current assets	3,038,933		3,348,717
Property and equipment			
Property, and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation			
of \$4,457,429 in 2021 and \$4,341,976 in 2020	11,217,636		11,563,295
Other noncurrent assets			
Long-term investments	4,819,977		3,327,821
Deposits			14,575
Total noncurrent assets	16,037,613		14,905,691
Total assets	\$ 19,076,546	\$	18,254,408
Liabilities and Net assets			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 143,290	\$	83,592
Accrued compensated balances	355,918		325,174
Accrued interest	-		32,028
Deferred revenue	57,000		440,000
Current portion of long-term debt	 116,000		116,000
Total current liabilities	672,208		996,794
Noncurrent liabilities			
Long-term debt	2,320,000		2,436,000
Deferred rent	 -		80,900
Total noncurrent liabilities	 2,320,000		2,516,900
Total liabilities	 2,992,208		3,513,694
Net assets	40 507 000		0 227 522
Unrestricted	10,587,092		9,327,522
Unrestricted-board designated	 3,085,796 13,672,888		2,253,540 11,581,062
Without donor restrictions With donor restrictions	2,411,450		3,159,652
WILL COLOU TESTICHOUS	 2,411,400	•	0,100,002
Total net assets	 16,084,338		14,740,714
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 19,076,546	\$	18,254,408

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2021 AND COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR 2020

	Without donor restrictions		With donor restrictions		2021 Totals		 2020 Totals only
Support and revenue							
Contributions	\$	3,941,008	\$	· -	\$	3,941,008	\$ 2,675,843
Memberships		292,767				292,767	280,966
PPP loan forgiven		733,105				733,105	-
Grants .		596,630		1,163,418		1,760,048	2,574,963
Special events, net		411,657		419,250		830,907	1,097,367
Fee for service		132,917		-		132,917	284,589
Rental income		28,138		-		28,138	367,725
Program fees		11,923		-		11,923	71,363
Net investment return		1,115,812		126,765		1,242,577	(100,982)
Net assets released from restrictions		2,457,635		(2,457,635)			 · -
Total support and other revenue		9,721,592		(748,202)		8,973,390	7,251,834
Expenses							
Program services		5,924,541		-		5,924,541	6,239,966
Management and general		711,233		-		711,233	664,900
Fundraising		993,991		-		993,991	 1,080,465
Total expenses		7,629,765	-			7,629,765	 7,985,331
Change in net assets		2,091,827		(748,202)		1,343,625	 (733,497)
Net assets, beginning of year		11,581,062		3,159,652		14,740,714	 15,474,212
Net assets, end of year	\$	13,672,889	\$	2,411,450	\$	16,084,339	\$ 14,740,714

## STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2021 AND COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR 2020

Salaries Payroll taxes Employee benefits Bad debts Conference and meetings Depreciation and amortization Information technology Insurance Interest expense Marketing and advertising Miscellaneous expenses Occupancy Office expenses Postage and shipping		Program Services  3,171,094 232,586 284,652 26,277 1,594 283,084 73,361 - 50,442 304 3,211 206,581 41,252 14,077		anagement and General 365,895 26,837 32,844 3,032 184 32,664 5,898 27,427 5,820 35 4,711 11,343 12,469 1,624	<b>\$</b>	200 528,515 38,764 47,442 4,379 266 47,181 8,519 6,270 8,407 51 6,805 16,384 18,011 2,346	\$	2021 Totals 4,065,504 298,187 364,938 33,688 2,044 362,929 87,778 33,697 64,669 390 14,727 234,308 71,732 18,047	 2020 otals only 3,923,037 280,591 347,793 35,500 7,951 368,776 35,689 33,090 67,598 1,215 21,492 521,867 94,660 48,900
Printing and reproductions Professional fees Program supplies Telephone		40,974 1,269,962 183,098 41,993		2,610 149,101 23,894 4,845		3,770 215,368 34,514 6,999		47,354 1,634,431 241,506 53,837	105,760 1,733,993 186,407 45,166
Travel				· -				-	 125,846
	\$	5,924,541	\$	711,233	\$	993,991	\$	7,629,765	\$ 7,985,331
Overhead rate calculation	_			Expenses		2021	•		 2020
Program services Management and general Fundraising			\$ \$ \$	5,924,541 711,233 993,991		77.65% 9.32% 13.03%	-		 78.14% 8.33% 13.53%

\$ 7,629,765

Base

100.00%

100.00%

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED MARCH 31, 2021 AND 2020

	2021			2020		
Cash flows from operating activities	•	4 0 40 005	•	(700 407)		
Change in net assets	\$	1,343,625	\$	(733,497)		
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash provided by operating activities:						
Depreciation expense		362,929		368,776		
Unrealized (gain) loss on investments		(1,112,068)		273,243		
Realized loss on investments		259		210,240		
(Increase) decrease in assets:		200				
Receivables		733,764		(240,975)		
Prepaid expenses		75,582		(73,953)		
Deposits		14,575		(200)		
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:		, , , , , , ,		<b>(</b>		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		59,698		44,199		
Accrued compensated balances		30,744		34,528		
Accrued interest		(32,028)		(1,455)		
Deferred revenue		(383,000)		401,500		
Deferred rent	·	(80,900)		2,878		
Net cash provided by operating activities		1,013,180		75,044		
Cash flows from investing activities						
Change in investments		(380,347)		613,156		
Purchases of property and equipment		(17,270)		(52,344)		
Net cash (used) provided by investing activities		(397,617)		560,812		
Cash flows from financing activities						
Change in loan payable	-	(116,000)		(116,000)		
Net cash used for financing activities	***************************************	(116,000)		(116,000)		
Increase in cash and cash equivalents		499,563		519,856		
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		1,761,384		1,241,529		
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	2,260,947	\$	1,761,384		
CASH PAID DURING THE YEAR FOR: INTEREST	\$	66,125	\$	69,054		

Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2021

Note 1 – Summary of significant accounting policies

#### Organization

SPUR - San Francisco Bay Area Planning and Urban Research Association (SPUR) is a non-profit California corporation engaged in activities relating to current issues affecting the future of the San Francisco Bay Area. SPUR's history dates back to 1910, and SPUR was incorporated in 1959. SPUR provides continuing independent guidance to the community and governing bodies involving matters vital to the economic and social welfare of the San Francisco Bay Area.

A significant amount of SPUR's revenue is obtained from its approximately 6,500 members that include individuals and public sector businesses. In addition, SPUR receives funds from charitable foundations for both baseline support and special projects to meet its mission.

The following programs are included in the accompanying financial statements:

- Policy SPUR provides objective analysis on the following seven policy areas: community planning, economic justice, good government, housing, regional planning, sustainability and resilience and transportation.
- Public Engagement SPUR provides education through events, exhibitions, policy reports, a voter guide, a monthly publication, and a website.

## Basis of accounting

SPUR prepared the accompanying financial statements using the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP). SPUR records revenues when earned and expenses when incurring the related obligation. SPUR recognizes revenues from reimbursable cost contracts when incurring the related expenses.

#### Net assets

Net assets, revenues, gains, and losses are classified based on the existence or absence of donor or grantor-imposed restrictions. Accordingly, net assets and changes therein are classified and reported as follows:

Net assets without donor restrictions – Net assets available for use in general operations and not subject to donor (or certain grantor) restrictions.

Net assets with donor restrictions – Net assets subject to donor (or certain grantor) imposed restrictions. Some donor-imposed restrictions are temporary in nature, such as those that will be met by the passage of time or other events specified by the donor. Other donor-imposed restrictions are perpetual in nature, where the donor stipulates that resources be maintained in perpetuity. Donor-imposed restrictions are released when a restriction expires; that is, when the stipulated time has elapsed, when the stipulated purpose for which the resource was restricted has been fulfilled, or both.

Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2021

Note 1 – Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### Fair value

SPUR uses a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. This hierarchy consists of three broad levels: Level 1 inputs consist of unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and have the highest priority. Level 2 inputs consist of observable inputs other than quoted prices for identical assets. Level 3 inputs consist of unobservable inputs that reflect internal judgments and have the lowest priority. SPUR uses appropriate valuation techniques based on the available inputs to measure the fair value of its investments. When available, SPUR measures fair value using Level 1 inputs because they generally provide the most reliable evidence of fair value. SPUR only uses Level 3 inputs when Level 1 or Level 2 inputs are not available.

## Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist principally of amounts on deposit with commercial banks. SPUR considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

#### Investments

Short-term investments consist principally of certificates of deposit with original maturities of twelve months or less. Long term investments consist principally of registered investment company shares (mutual funds). Investments are recorded at fair value Level 1 in the statement of financial position. Net investment return consists of interest, dividends, gain or loss on the sale of investments, and appreciation or depreciation of holding investments, net of investment management fees. SPUR recognizes net investment return when earned.

#### Receivables

Contributions and grants receivable consist principally of amounts due from SPUR members and several donors, all due within one year.

Other receivables consist principally of amounts expended by SPUR under cost-reimbursement contracts but not reimbursed by the contractor, all due within one year.

#### Allowance for uncollectible receivables

SPUR uses the allowance method to account for uncollectible receivables. Under this method, SPUR reviews all receivables for any problems with collectability. If SPUR feels that there may be a problem with collections, it provides for an allowance for the receivable. When attempts to collect a specific receivable are unsuccessful, SPUR considers the account uncollectible and writes it off against the allowance. As of March 31, 2021, the allowance for uncollectible receivables was \$10,000.

Notes to Financial Statements
March 31, 2021

Note 1 – Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### Property and equipment

Property and equipment consist of land, building, leasehold improvements and equipment. SPUR records purchased property and equipment at cost. SPUR records donated property and equipment at fair value. SPUR computes depreciation on property and equipment using the straight-line method over estimated useful lives ranging from five years for equipment to forty years for building and improvements. SPUR employs a policy of capitalizing expenditures of \$5,000 or more and with a useful life of more than one year.

#### Revenue

SPUR does not recognize support from fee for service contracts until it fulfills the conditions, generally by expending costs and performing services to accomplish the requirements of the contracts.

Rental income consists of revenue generated from the Urban Center for third party special events. SPUR recognizes the revenue when the event takes place.

SPUR earns revenue from its various programs. SPUR recognizes program revenue when the related program occurs. Payments received prior to the event are included in deferred revenue.

#### Contributed goods and services

Contributions of donated noncash assets are recorded at fair value in the period received. Contributions of donated services are recognized when received if the services (a) create or enhance nonfinancial assets, or (b) require specialized skills, are provided by individuals possessing those skills, and would typically need to be purchased if not provided by donation. For the year ended March 31, 2021, no contributed goods and services were provided that met the criteria for valuation and recordation.

## Special events

Special events revenue, net of direct donor benefit costs, is recognized when the fundraising event takes place.

## Advertising expenses

The costs of advertising are expensed as incurred. Advertising expenses for the year ended March 31, 2021 were \$390.

#### Leases

Leases are reviewed and classified as capital or operating at the inception. For leases that contain fixed rent escalations, SPUR records the total rent payable on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. The difference between rent payments and straight-line rent expense is recorded as deferred rent.

Notes to Financial Statements
March 31, 2021

Note 1 – Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Although management of SPUR based these estimates on their knowledge of current events and actions they may undertake in the future, they may ultimately differ from actual results.

#### Income taxes

The Internal Revenue Service (IRS) and State of California Franchise Tax Board approved SPUR as exempt from federal income tax under the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) and from California bank and corporation taxes under the California Revenue and Taxation Code. In addition, the IRS approved SPUR to receive contributions that qualify for the charitable contribution deduction under the IRC and as a publicly supported organization as described in the IRC. Accordingly, donors are entitled to the maximum charitable contribution deduction allowed by law. Management of SPUR concluded that no activities of SPUR jeopardized its exemption from income taxes or its classification as a "public charity", or subjected SPUR to taxes on unrelated business income. Consequently, SPUR did not provide for any income taxes. SPUR follows accounting principles generally accepted in the United States relating to the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes. Adoption of these provisions did not have any impact on SPUR's accounting for unrecognized tax liabilities. Management believes that SPUR has adequately addressed all tax positions and that there are no unrecorded tax liabilities. Tax years 2017 to 2020 are open for examination by the Internal Revenue Service and years 2018 to 2020 by the California Franchise Tax Board.

#### Prior year totals

The columns on the accompanying financial statements captioned "Totals only" represent certain prior-year summarized comparative information in total but not by net asset class. Such information does not include sufficient detail to constitute a presentation in conformity with U.S. GAAP. Accordingly, read such information in conjunction with the financial statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2020, from which SPUR derived the summarized information.

## Allocation of functional expenses

SPUR summarizes the costs of providing various programs and other activities on a functional basis herein. Accordingly, SPUR allocated certain costs between program and supporting services based on estimates of time and usage.

Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2021

## Note 1 – Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

## Pending accounting pronouncement - effective in the future

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02 *Leases (Topic 842)*. The guidance in this ASU supersedes the current leasing guidance in Topic 840, *Leases*. Under the new guidance, lessees are required to recognize lease assets and lease liabilities on the balance sheets for all leases with terms longer than 12 months. Leases will be classified as either finance or operating, with classification affecting the pattern of expense recognition in the statement of activities. The new standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021.

#### Note 2 – Property and equipment

#### Property and equipment

Land	\$ 3,269,975
Building and improvements	11,334,780
Library, furniture and equipment	 1,070,309
Total property and equipment	15,675,064
Accumulated depreciation	(4,457,428)
Property and equipment, net	\$ 11,217,636

#### Note 3 – Investments

- As of March 31, 2021, investments total as follows:

## Mutual funds

Equity	\$ 2,626,880
Fixed income Real estate	 2,003,301 189,796
·	\$ 4,819,977

During the year ended March 31, 2021, SPUR did not transfer any investments among the different fair value input levels.

During the year ended March 31, 2021, net investment return totals as follows:

Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2021

## Note 3 – Investments (continued)

Interest and dividend income	\$ 145,263
Realized losses	(259)
Unrealized gains	1,112,068
Advisory fees	 (14,495)
·	
	\$ 1,242,577

#### Note 4 – Deferred revenue

Deferred revenue mainly consists of monies collected in advance for events to be held during the year ended March 31, 2021. Due to the pandemic, some of these events were cancelled.

#### Note 5 – Loan payable

On December 1, 2007, the California Municipal Finance Authority issued Variable Rate Revenue bonds in the amount of \$6,935,000, the proceeds financing the construction of SPUR's new building in San Francisco. Partial redemptions were made between 2012 and 2016. On October 3, 2016, the remaining bonds payable of \$2,900,000 was converted to a term interest rate loan with JP Morgan Chase Bank. The loan is to be paid over a 10-year period and bears a fixed interest rate of 2.51%. Principal is payable annually beginning on October 1, 2017 and interest is payable semiannually beginning October 1, 2017. The loan is secured by a Deed of Trust. The loan payable is subject to various financial covenants.

Principal payments under the loan payable for the years ending March 31 are as follows:

2022	\$ 116,000
2023	116,000
2024	116,000
2025	116,000
2026	116,000
Thereafter	 1,856,000
	\$ 2,436,000

Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2021

## Note 6 – Net assets without donor restrictions

During the year ended year ended March 31, 2021, net assets without donor restrictions reconcile as follows:

#### Net assets without donor restrictions

Undesignated	\$ 10,587,092
Board designated: Operations	2,311,860
Board designated: Building fund	438,919
Board designated: Capital replacement	335,018
	\$ 13,672,889

## Note 7 – Net assets with donor restrictions

During the year ended year ended March 31, 2021, net assets with donor restrictions reconcile as follows:

.Purpose restricted						
<u>Activity</u>	 2020	Ad	ditions	Re	leases	2021
Regional strategy	\$ 1,040,067		260,000		(1,095,614)	 204,453
Regional work	75,000		120,000		(75,000)	120,000
San Jose	587,500		120,000		(387,500)	320,000
Food and Agriculture	353,659		663,418		(703,019)	314,058
Piero N. Patri Fellowship (interest)	13,083		56,413		-	69,496
Total program restricted net assets	2,069,309		1,219,831		(2,261,133)	1,028,007
Time restricted	384,978		489,602		(196,500)	678,080
Perpetual in nature						
Permanently restricted	705,365		-		<u> </u>	 705,365
·						
	\$ 3,159,652	\$	1,709,433	\$	(2,457,633)	\$ 2,411,452

## Note 8 – Permanently restricted and board designated funds

Permanently restricted and board designated funds consist of both donor-restricted funds that SPUR must hold in perpetuity or for a donor-specified period, and board-designated funds. Donor-restricted funds consist of the Piero N. Patri Fellowship in Urban Design funds. The income generated from the

Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2021

Note 8 – Permanently restricted and board designated funds (continued)

Fellowship is to be used to fund students or post-graduate fellows to work on projects selected by SPUR. The Board designated funds generate income to be used to fund operations. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, net assets associated with these funds are classified and reported based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions.

SPUR is subject to the State Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (SPMIFA) and, therefore, classifies amounts in its donor-restricted fund as net assets with donor restrictions until the Board appropriates amounts for expenditure and any purpose restrictions have been met. SPUR's board has interpreted SPMIFA as requiring the maintenance of only the original gift amount contributed to the fund, unless a donor stipulates the contrary.

As a result of this interpretation, SPUR would consider the fund to be underwater if the fair value of the fund is less than the sum of (1) the original value of initial and subsequent gifts donated to the fund and (2) any accumulations to the fund that are required to be maintained in perpetuity in accordance with applicable donor gift instruments. SPUR has interpreted SPMIFA to permit spending from underwater funds in accordance with prudent measures required under the law. The fund is not currently underwater.

In accordance with SPMIFA, SPUR considers the following factors in making a determination to appropriate or accumulate donor-restricted funds:

- 1. The duration and preservation of the funds
- 2. The purposes of SPUR and the funds
- 3. General economic conditions
- 4. The possible effect of inflation or deflation
- 5. The expected total return from income and the appreciation of investments
- 6. Other resources of SPUR
- 7. The investment policy of SPUR

SPUR has adopted investment and spending policies for these assets that attempt to provide a predictable stream of funding to programs supported by the funds while seeking to maintain the purchasing power of the assets. The investment policy of SPUR is to preserve and protect assets of the organization while earning an appropriate rate of return of each category of assets.

The goals that will govern SPUR's investment activities are, in order of priority:

- 1. Safety and preservation of principal
  - 2. Liquidity of investments sufficient to meet cash flow requirements
  - 3. To maximize return on investments while meeting objectives 1 and 2 above

Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2021

## Note 9 - Special events

SPUR holds an annual event called the Silver SPUR Awards to honor citizens who have made a significant contribution to the community. It also holds an Ideas + Action Symposium.

Special events for the year ended March 31, 2021 consist of the following:

	Sil	ver SPUR			
,		Awards	Other events		 Total
Support and revenue Direct donor-benefit costs	\$	698,830 1,828	\$ _·	133,905	\$ 832,735 1,828
Special events, net	\$	697,002	\$	133,905	\$ 830,907

#### Note 10 – Retirement plan

SPUR offers a retirement plan under section 403(b) of the Internal Revenue Code. Employees may elect to defer a portion of their salary into the plan. SPUR may match up to 25% of employee deferrals or otherwise contribute additional amounts for the benefit of those employees meeting certain participation criteria. The funds are used to purchase an annuity contract with the Teachers Insurance and Annuity Association of America. During the year ended March 31, 2021, SPUR contributed \$79,285 to the plan.

## Note 11 – Liquidity and availability of financial assets

The following reflects SPUR's financial assets as of the statement of financial position date, reduced by amounts not available for general use because of contractual or donor-imposed restrictions within one year of the statement of financial position date. Amounts available include donor restricted amounts that are available for general expenditure in the following year. Amounts not available include amounts set aside as an endowment, and board designated building fund that could be drawn upon if the Board of directors approves that action.

Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2021

## Note 11 – Liquidity and availability of financial assets (continued)

Financial assets, at year-end:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,260,946
Receivables		725,478
Investments		4,819,977
		7,806,401
Less those unavailable for general expenditures		
within one year, due to:		
Donor restricted		705,365
Donor restricted for specific purpose		716,582
Donor restricted for specific period		258,830
Board designated for building fund		438,919
Board designated for operating reserve		2,311,860
Board designated for capital reserve		335,018
Undesignated		259,463
		5,026,037
Financial assets available to meet cash needs		
for general expenditures within one year	_\$_	2,780,364

As part of its liquidity management, SPUR invests cash in excess of daily requirements in long-term investments.

#### Note 12 – Paycheck Protection Program

On April 14, 2020 SPUR received loan proceeds of \$733,105 from a promissory note issued by JP Morgan Chase Bank under the Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) which was established under the CARES Act and is administered by the U.S. Small Business Administration. The term on the loan is two years and the annual interest rate is 1%. Payments of principal and interest are deferred for the first six months of the loan. Under the terms of the CARES Act, PPP loan recipients can apply for and be granted forgiveness for all or a portion of the loans granted under the PPP. Such forgiveness will be determined based on the use of the loan proceeds for payroll costs, rent and utility expenses and the maintenance of workforce and compensation levels with certain limitations. SPUR expects to meet the PPP's eligibility criteria and has concluded that the PPP loan represents, in substance, a conditional contribution. The PPP forgivable loan is considered to be conditioned upon certain performance requirements and/or the incurrence of allowable qualifying expenses. Proceeds received under the PPP are recognized as revenue when SPUR has incurred expenditures in compliance with the promissory note provisions.

Notes to Financial Statements
March 31, 2021

Note 12 – Paycheck Protection Program (continued)

For the year ended March 31, 2021, SPUR recognized \$733,105 in PPP grant revenue based on qualifying expenditures under the PPP that are expected to be forgiven.

#### Note 13 – Risks and uncertainties

Cash and cash equivalents held by commercial banks exceeded federal deposit insurance limits at various times during the year ended March 31, 2021.

Two investment firms hold all the investments of SPUR and make investment decisions for SPUR, based on investment policies approved by the board of directors of SPUR. Investments held by the investment firm exceeded Securities Investor Protection Corporation limits at various times during the year ended March 31, 2021.

Investments are subject to credit, interest rate and market risks. Credit risk is the probability that parties holding or supporting an investment will default or otherwise fail to perform. Interest rate risk is the risk that interest rates in the market will change relative to the interest rates earned on SPUR investments. Market risk is the inherent change in the fair value of an investment due to changes in conditions.

SPUR manages risk to its investments by periodically reviewing investments for compliance with their investment policy and investment returns for comparability to the general market and specific investment class returns.

Receivables are subject to collection risk. Collection risk is the probability that the financial condition or other circumstances of a contractor/grantor may change, reducing or eliminating the subsequent collection of receivables.

SPUR has received support that may be subject to audit or review by the grantor agencies. Management believes that SPUR has complied with all aspects of grant and contract provisions and disallowed costs, if any, would be insignificant to its financial position.

## Note 14 – Subsequent events

SPUR evaluated subsequent events for recognition and disclosure through September 29, 2021, the date which these financial statements were available to be issued. Management concluded that the only material subsequent event that occurred since March 31, 2021 that required recognition or disclosure in such financial statements was the forgiveness of the PPP loan mentioned in Note 12 on July 29, 2021.