

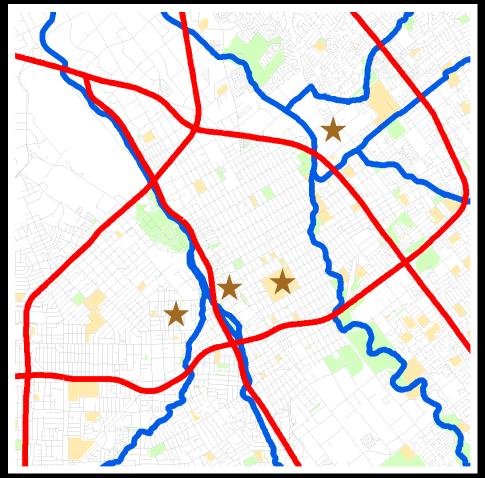
Explore your city.

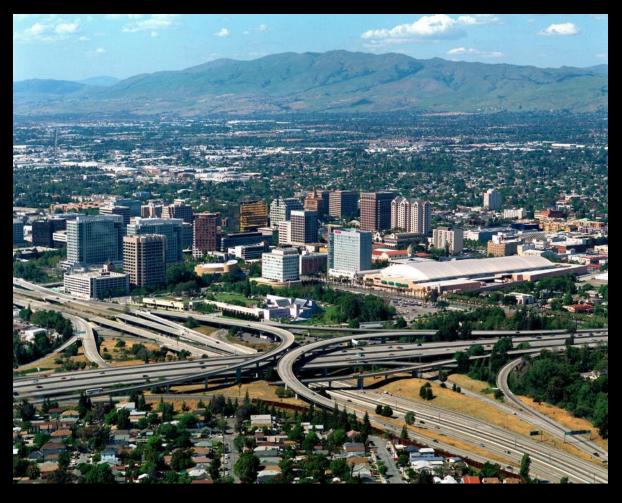






### San José: History and Context









### San José: History and Context



Historically Multimodal





**Growing Up** 





Embracing Public Life







### What is a Better Bikeway?

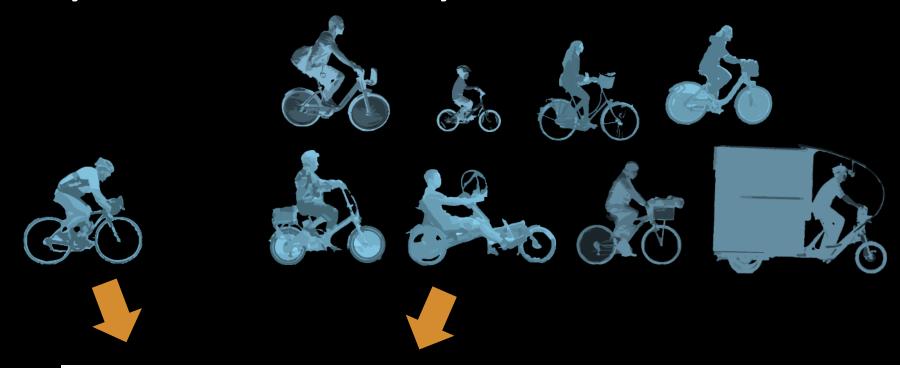


- Protected
- Calm
- All Ages and Abilities





## Why Better Bikeways?

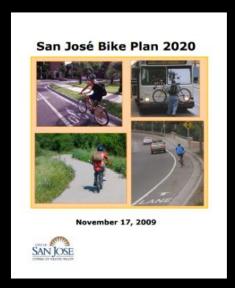


| <b>7</b> % <b>5</b> % | 51%                      | <b>37</b> %              |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| PEARLESS WILLISED     | INTERESTED BUT CONCERNED | Not Currently Interested |

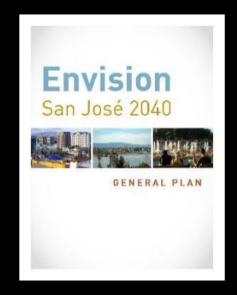


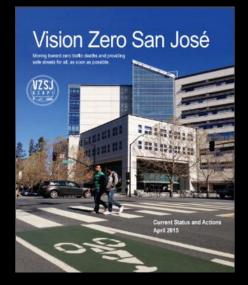


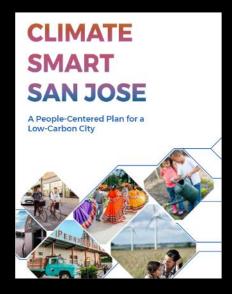
#### Policy Background

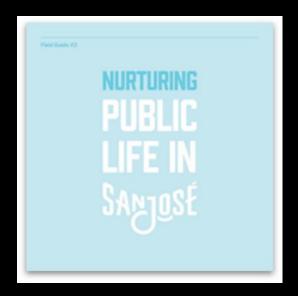


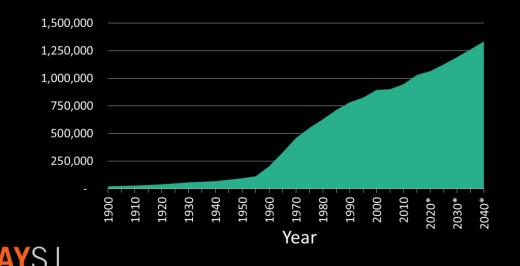
Explore your city.

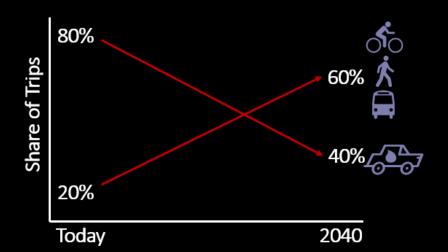














## Support and Demand









#### Low Stress Network, Interim Design





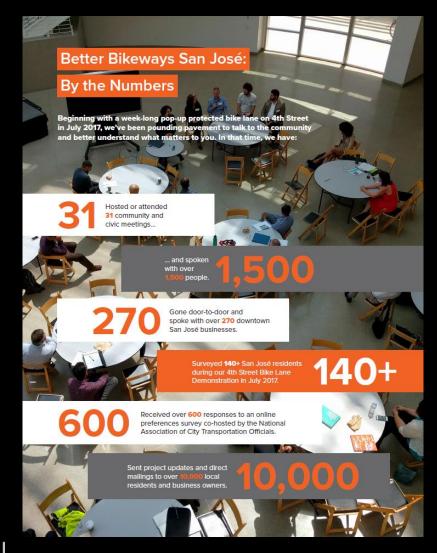


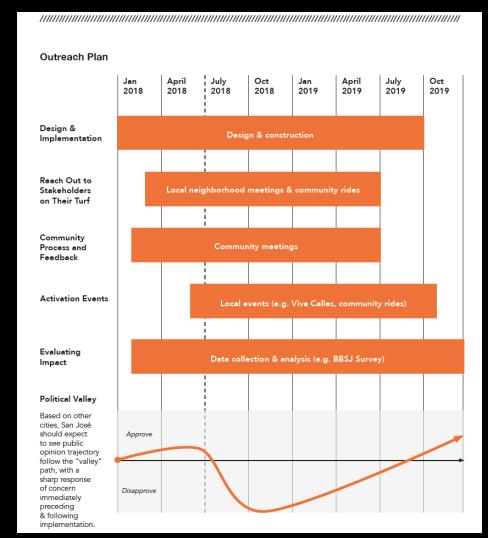




# Planning and Outreach

#### Many Methods of Outreach









## Pop Up Bikeway









#### Downtown Organizations and City Departments

















COALITION















#### The Political Valley

#### New Curbside Bike Lanes Baffle Drivers Trying to Park in Downtown San Jose

September 15, 2018 at 12:19 pm

Filed Under: Better BikewaySJ, Bicycle Lanes, Bikeway, Cycling, Maria Medina, Parking Spaces, San Jose, Silicon Valley Bicycle Coalition, traffic



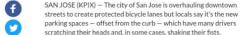
VIN A MUSTANG & CASH THIS SEPTEMBER! GRATON

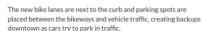
#### FOLLOW US











That's if drivers can even figure out where to park. It's not always

"It was confusing," said Jane McCannell. "I thought it was the bicycle lane but then I saw cars parked in it so I wasn't guite sure whether I could park there or not."

At Third and Santa Clara streets, the bike lane next to the curb is painted green but a few steps away there are one-hour parking signs and meters, fooling some drivers into thinking they can park in the bike lane instead of the painted spaces next to the vehicle traffic

Roseanna Lavia lives downtown and savs drivers are getting



vered right to your inbox!

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- mall Radioactive Object Discovered At
- 6 BART Unveils Plans For Oakland Multi-Use

#### Confused by downtown San Jose's new traffic lanes? You're not alone





Cars are parked side by side on North Third Street as drivers try to figure out just where they should be as a result of new lane configurations in downtown San Jose. (Sal Pizarro/Bay Area News Group)

By SAL PIZARRO | spizarro@bayareanewsgroup.com | Bay Area News Group PUBLISHED: September 14, 2018 at 11:51 am | UPDATED: September 14, 2018 at 1:27 pm

If you've been driving around downtown San Jose this week, you couldn't be blamed for thinking you'd stumbled onto an obstacle course or a graveyard of abandoned vehicles. Cars and trucks are parked side by side, bikes are zipping in and out of traffic and drivers are dodging workers who are busy painting crosswalks.

What in the Mad May is going on here?

Where to park? Unfinished San Jose 'bikeway' project confuses drivers















"Do we double park?" asked driver Bryan Ching. "What happens to cars that get stuck in the middle?" (Amanda

Amanda del Castillo

Friday, September 14, 2018 11:26PM

SAN JOSE, Calif. (KGO) -- Along North Third Street in downtown San Jose, commuters are confused about where they should park and where they should ride their bicycles.





#### Adapt When Asked

- Scheduled two more meetings.
- Walk with a business owner.
- Walk with waste collection companies.
- Phone call with concerned local engineer.
- Meet with bus operators.
- Move around the bollards.
- Take what you learn and add it to the planning ahead.





# Bikeway Design

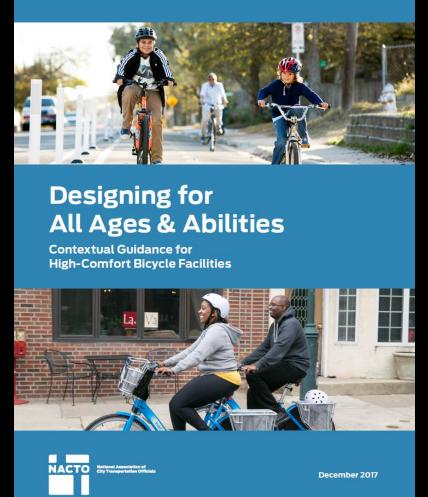
#### Some Criteria for Selecting Streets

- Existing and planned bike facilities.
- Motor vehicle traffic volumes and speeds.
- Route recommendations received at community outreach events.
- Feasibility of adding bike facilities into each corridor (considering things like street width, intersection design, transit, and curb zone uses).
- Crossings of barriers formed by freeways, railways, and waterways.
- Creation of direct routes and network density.





#### Designing for All Ages & Abilities



#### Choosing an All Ages & Abilities Bicycle Facility

This chart provides guidance in choosing a bikeway design that can create an All Ages & Abilities bicycling environment, based on a street's basic design and motor vehicle traffic conditions such as vehicle speed and volume. This chart should be applied as part of a flexible, results-oriented design process on each street, alongside robust analysis of local bicycling conditions as discussed in the remainder of this document.

Users of this guidance should recognize that, in some cases, a bicycle facility may fall short of the All Ages & Abilities criteria but still substantively reduce traffic stress. Jurisdictions should not use an inability to meet the All Ages & Abilities criteria as reason to avoid implementing a bikeway, and should not prohibit the construction of facilities that do not meet the criteria.

| Contextual Guidance for Selecting All Ages & Abilities Bikeways  |  |                                   |  |   |  |
|--|--|-----------------------------------|--|---|--|
|  | R  |                                   |  |   |  |
| Target Motor<br>Vehicle Speed*   | Target Max.<br>Motor Vehicle<br>Volume (ADT) | Motor Vehicle<br>Lanes            | Key Operational<br>Considerations  | All Ages & Abilities<br>Bicycle Facility                              |  |
| Any  |  | Any                               | Any of the following: high<br>curbside activity, frequent buses,<br>motor vehicle congestion, or<br>turning conflicts <sup>‡</sup> | Protected Bicycle Lane  |  |
| < 10 mph   | Less relevant                                | No centerline,                    | Pedestrians share the roadway  | Shared Street   |  |
| ≤ 20 mph   | ≤ 1,000-2,000                                | or single lane<br>one-way         | < 50 motor vehicles per hour in<br>the peak direction at peak hour   | Bicycle Boulevard   |  |
| ≤ 25 mph   | ≤ 500 – 1,500                                | one may                           |  |   |  |
|  | ≤1,500 –<br>3,000                            | Single lane                       | Low curbside activity, or low congestion pressure  | Conventional or Buffered Bicycle<br>Lane, or Protected Bicycle Lane   |  |
|  | ≤3,000 −<br>6,000                            | each direction,<br>or single lane |  | Buffered or Protected Bicycle<br>Lane                                 |  |
|  | Greater than<br>6,000                        | one-way                           |  | Protected Bicycle Lane  |  |
|  | Any  | Multiple lanes<br>per direction   |  |   |  |
| Greater than<br>26 mph <sup>1</sup>  | ≤ 6,000                                      | Single lane<br>each direction     | Low curbside activity, or low congestion pressure  | Protected Bicycle Lane, or<br>Reduce Speed                            |  |
|  |  | Multiple lanes<br>per direction   |  | Protected Bicycle Lane, or<br>Reduce to Single Lane & Reduce<br>Speed |  |
|  | Greater than<br>6,000                        | Any                               | Any  | Protected Bicycle Lane, or Bicycle Path                               |  |
| High-speed limited access<br>roadways, natural corridors,<br>or geographic edge conditions<br>with limited conflicts |  | Any                               | High pedestrian volume   | Bike Path with Separate Walkway or Protected Bicycle Lane             |  |
|  |  |                                   | Low pedestrian volume  | Shared-Use Path or<br>Protected Bicycle Lane                          |  |

\*While posted or 85th percentile motor vehicle speed are commonly used design speed targets, 95th percentile speed captures high-end speeding, which causes preater stress to bicyclists and more frequent passing events. Setting target speed based on this threshold results in a higher level of blocycling comfort for the full range of iders.

1Setting 25 mph as a motor vehicle speed threshold for providing protected blieways is consistent with many cities' traffic safety and Vision Zero policies However, some cities use a 30 mph posted speed as a threshold for protected blieways, consistent with providing Level of Traffic Stress level 2 (Tr32) that care fets citively veduce stress and accommodate more types of riders. \*\*I

Operational factors that lead to bikeway conflicts are reasons to provide protected bike lanes regardiess of motor vehicle speed and volume.





### Context Helps Select Facilities

Protected Bike Lanes

Two Direction Cycletrack

Traditional Bike Lanes

**Calm Streets** 





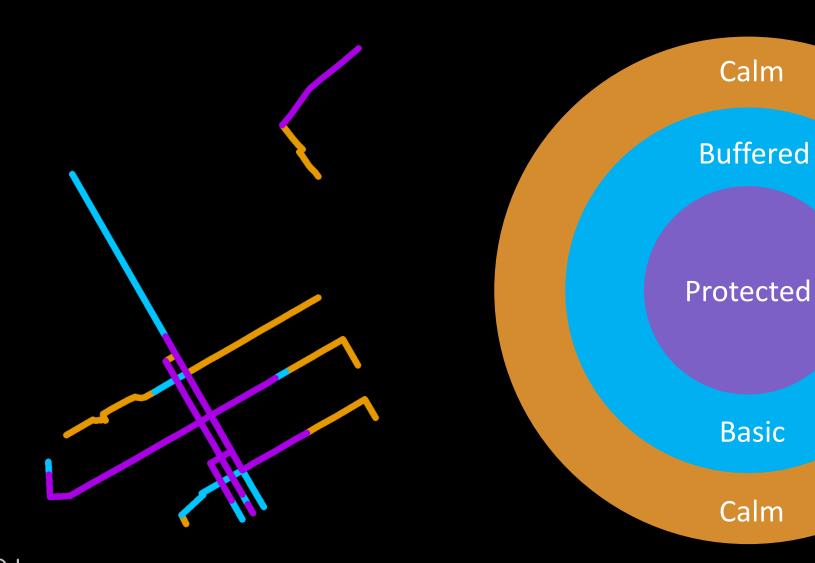








#### Context Helps Select Facilities



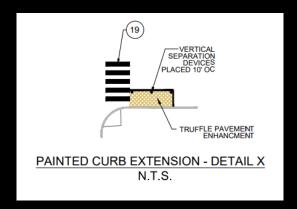
#### From Pop-Up to Permanent

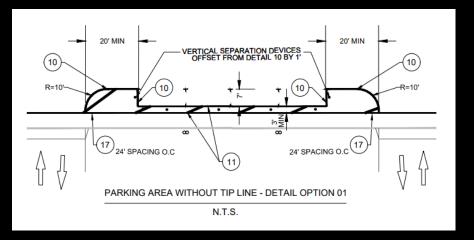


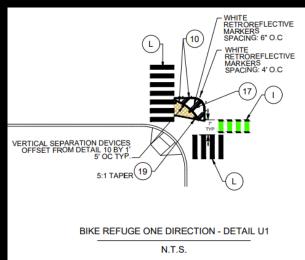


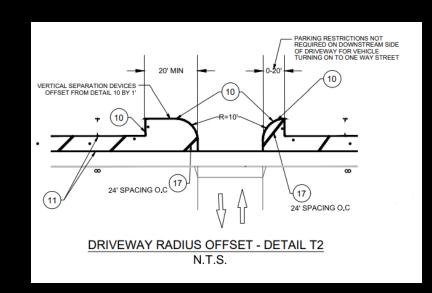


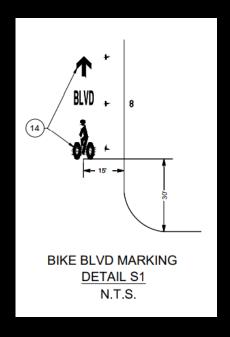
#### Build a Menu of Options

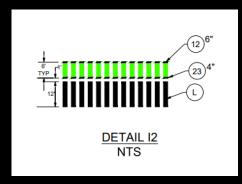








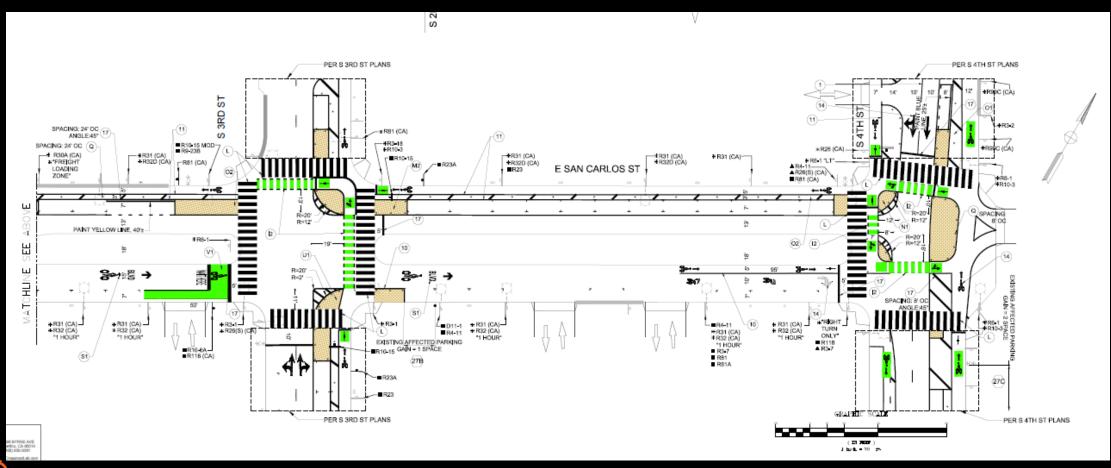








#### Pave Intersecting Streets





#### **Protected Intersections**

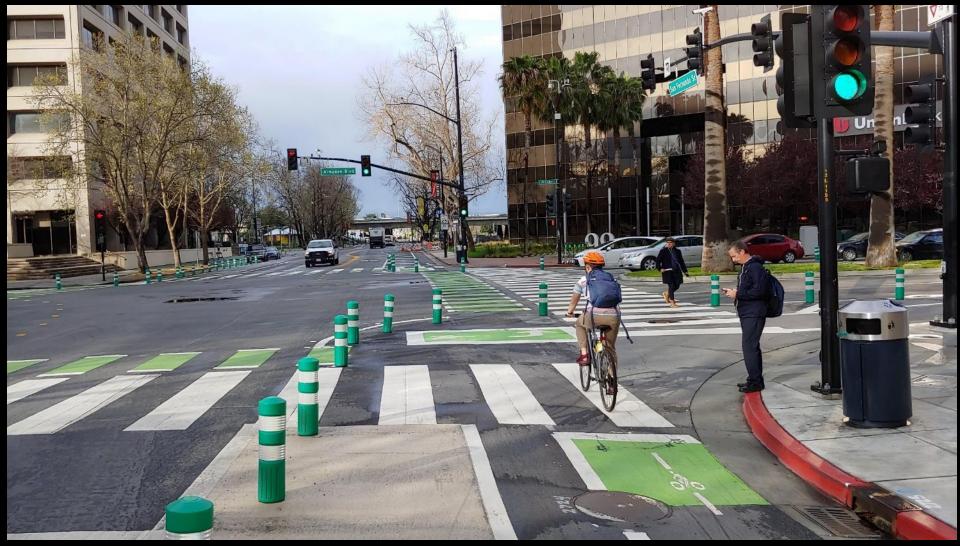








#### **Protected Intersections**







#### **Protected Bikeways and Transit**



#### **Challenges:**

- Bus has plugged bike lane.
- Where to drop protection? Even without on-street parking, this bus would not make it.
- Bus passenger loading isn't at curb.
- Back of bus remains in travel lane.





### Modular Transit Boarding Islands







#### Dumpsters

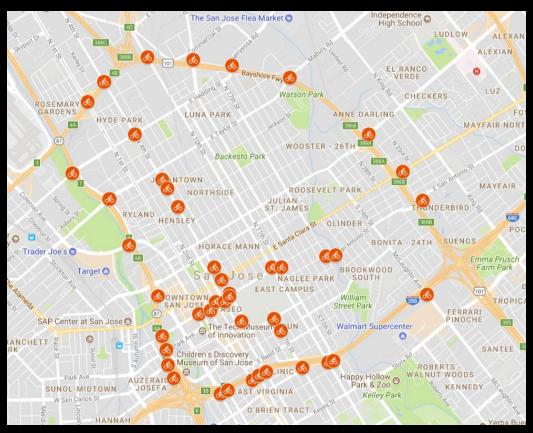






# Evaluation

#### Before and After Bike Counts







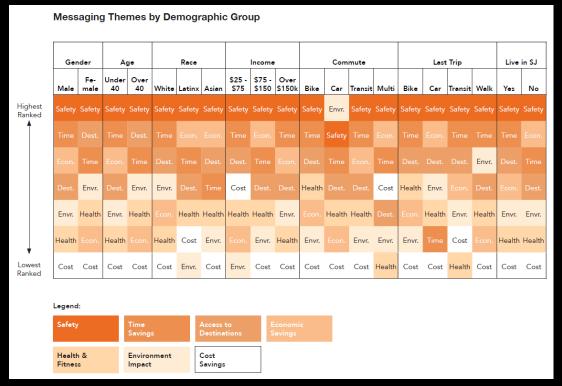


#### Other Measures

#### **Other Transportation Data**

- Bus Travel Time and On Time Performance
- Speed Surveys
- Vehicle Corridor Travel Time
- Queue Lengths at Intersections

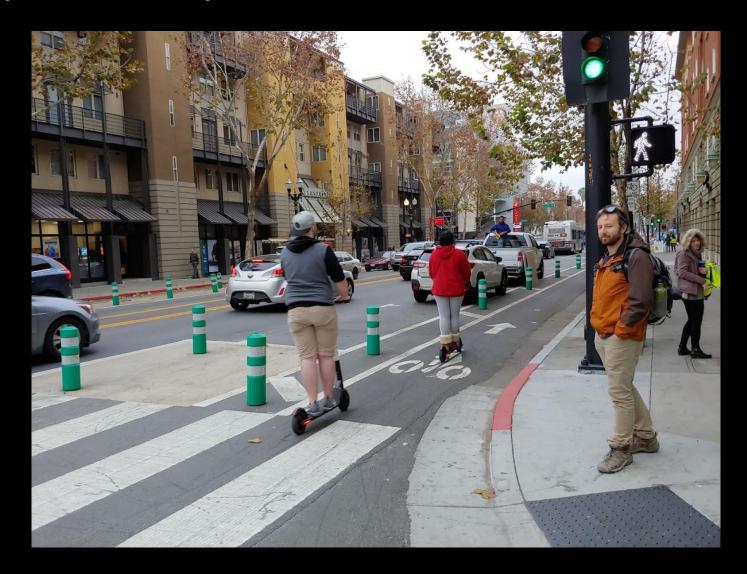
#### **Online Survey**







### Intercept Surveys







#### Better Bike Plan 2025





www.bikesanjose.com





# Thank You!

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San José Department of Transportation

peter.bennett@sanjoseca.gov



