

City of Villages

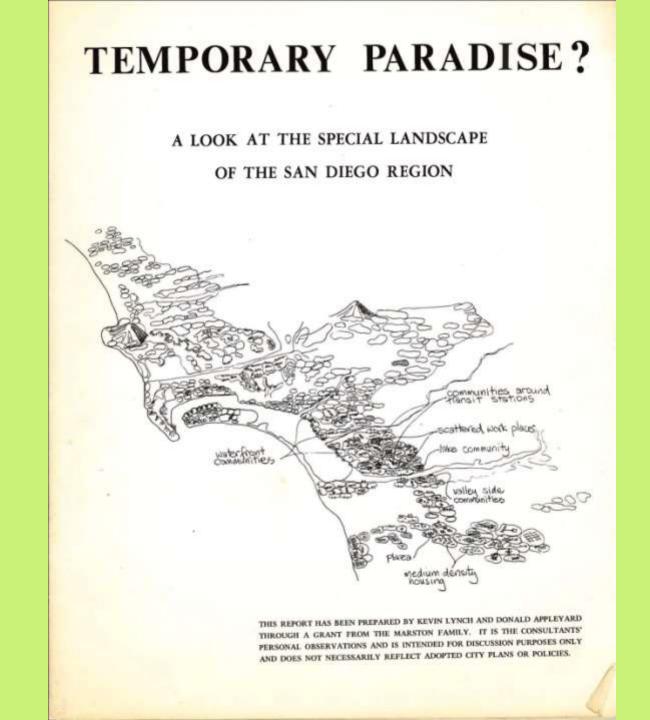
San Diego

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June 14, 2017

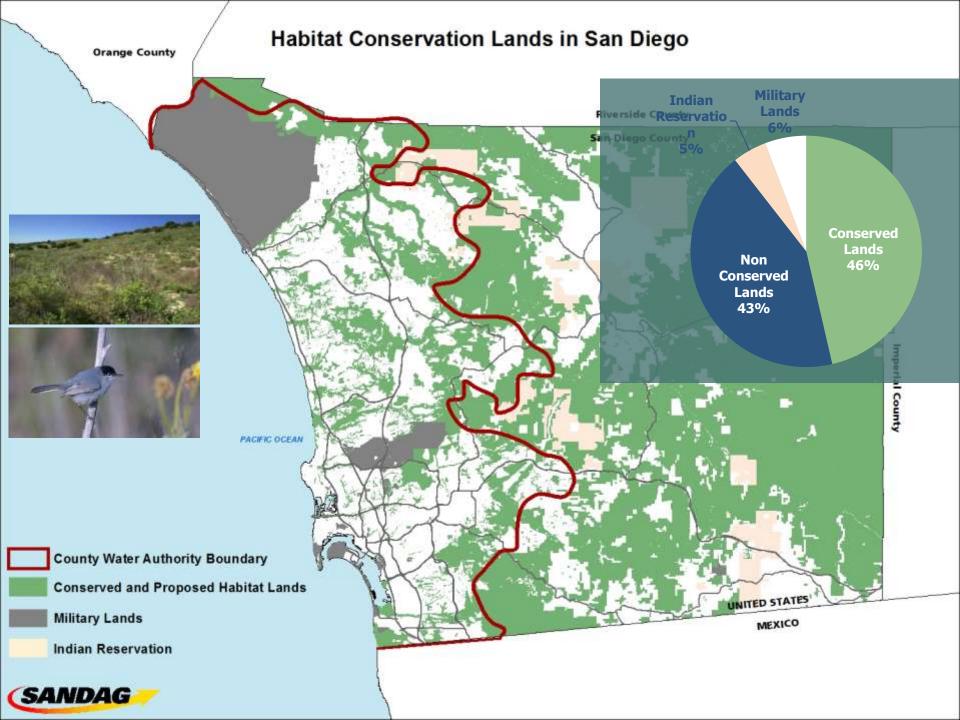




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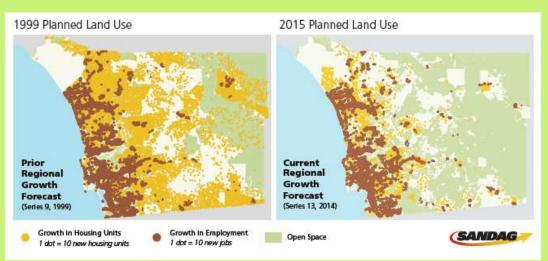
A City Set in a Bio-Diverse Region

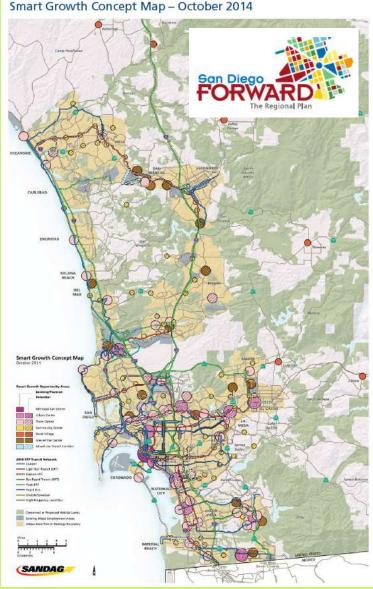
City of San Diego General Plan



TODs and the San Diego Region's Smart Growth Strategy

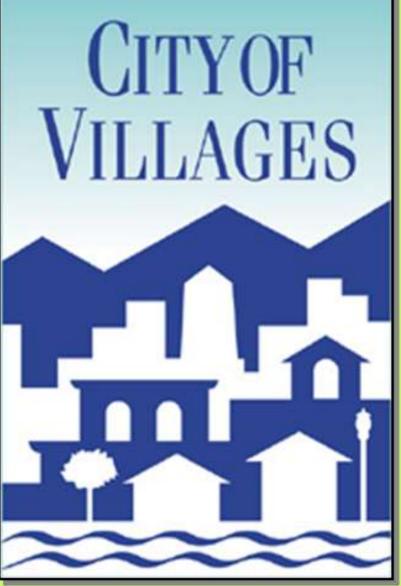
The San Diego Region's smart growth strategy has a regional TOD Strategy that strives to create vibrant, healthy, and complete communities throughout the region while recognizing their differences and unique character, increase access to the regional transit network, and overcome barriers through coordinated, supportive land use policies and regulations, and public and private investment.





The Strategic Framework: 1999-2002





Legacy 1970s Growth Management: Directed Growth & Facility Funding

Tier	Funding
Urbanized	No fees, CIP
Urbanizing	Developer financed
Future Urbanizing	Phase shift, then developer financed





Legacy Urban Infill: Redevelopment of The Sears Store into the Uptown District







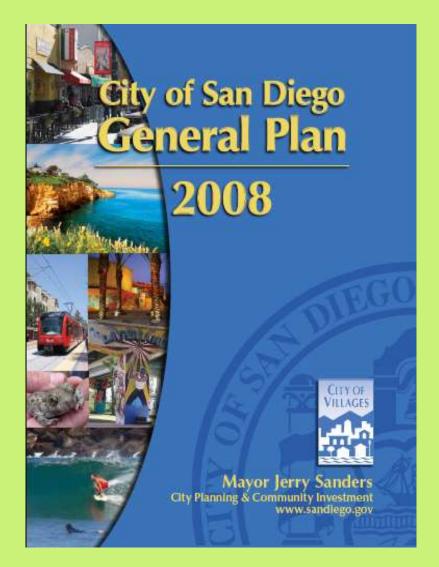
Legacy Downtown Redevelopment: \$900m in Public Investment = \$8.5b+ in Total Investment Over 35 Years





City of San Diego General Plan

- City of Villages strategy smart growth approach tailored for San Diego
- First CA adopted plan post AB32
- Relies on infill development to accommodate future growth
- Sustainability policies integrated throughout plan
- Consistent with San Diego Forward – the Regional Plan (SANDAG)
- Implemented through community plans



General Plan Guiding Principles

- 1. An open space network formed by parks, canyons, river valleys, habitats, beaches, and oceans;
- 2. Diverse residential communities formed by the open space network;
- 3. Compact and walkable mixed-use villages of different scales within communities;
- 4. Employment centers for a strong economy;
- 5. An integrated regional transportation network of transit, roadways, and freeways that efficiently link communities and villages to each other and to employment centers;
- 6. High quality, affordable, and well-maintained public facilities to serve the City's population, workers, and visitors;
- 7. Historic districts and sites that respect our heritage;
- 8. Balanced communities that offer opportunities for all San Diegans and share citywide responsibilities;
- 9. A clean and sustainable environment; and
- 10. A high aesthetic standard.







Plan TODs for Market Choices

- Mobility
- Housing
- Workplaces
- Community

AT WHAT SCALES, WITH WHAT PUBLIC FACILITIES, AND WHO PAYS FOR IT?



NORTH PA



























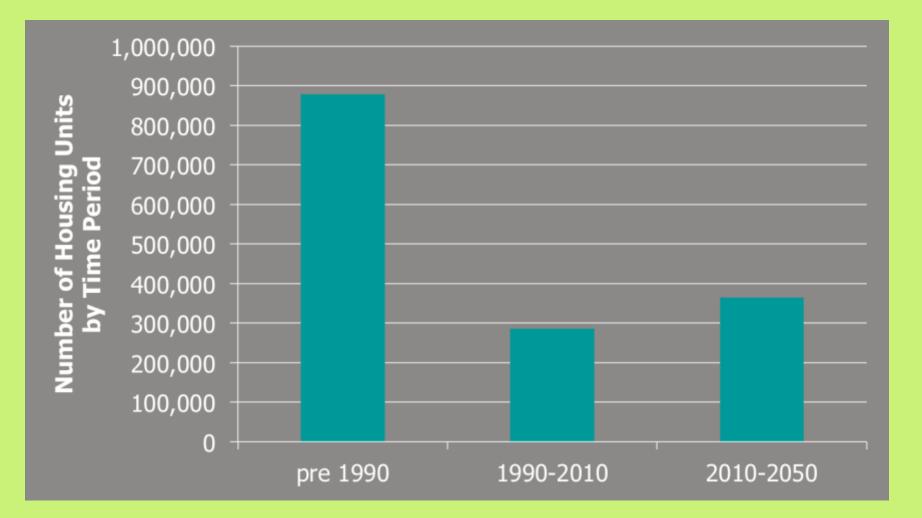


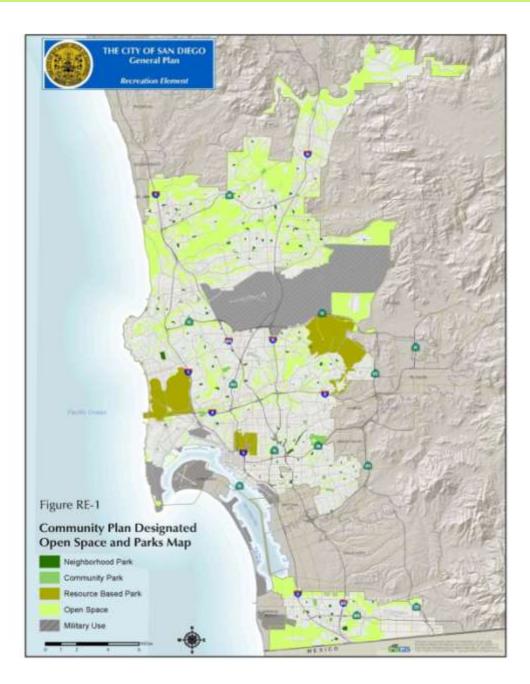






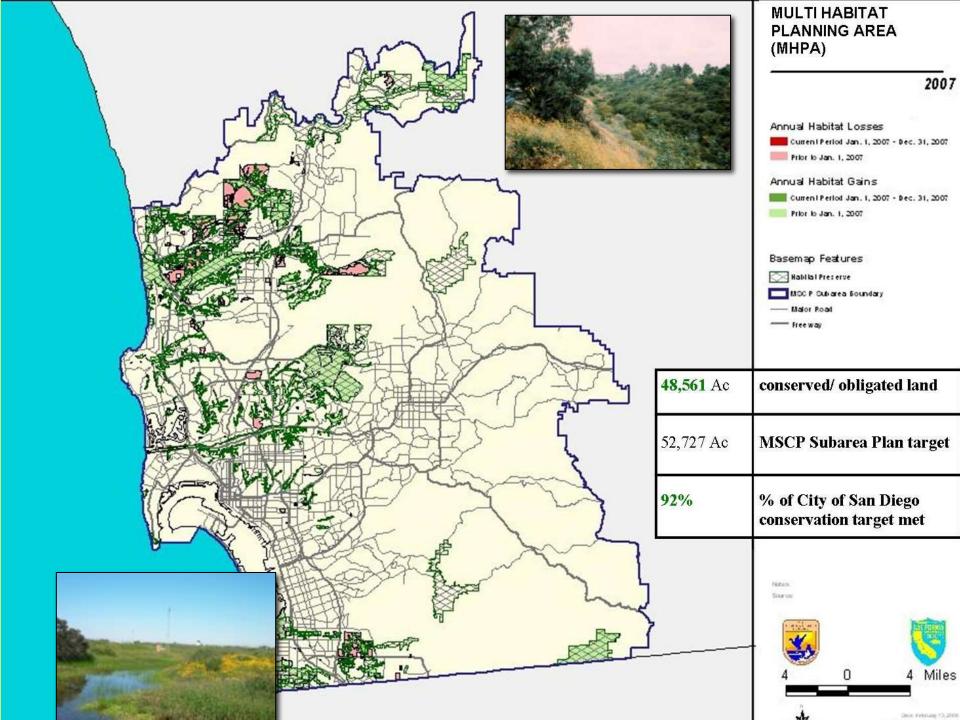
2050 Housing Units by Year Built











Citywide Parks Master Plan



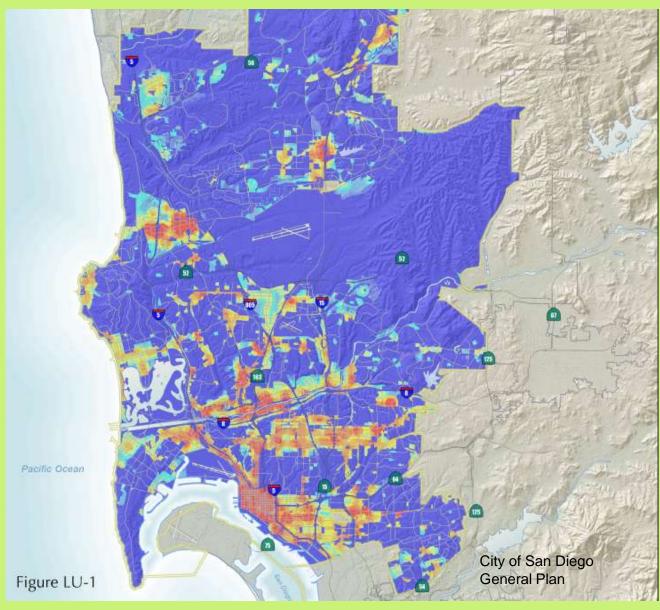




Prime Industrial Lands



Village Propensity Map

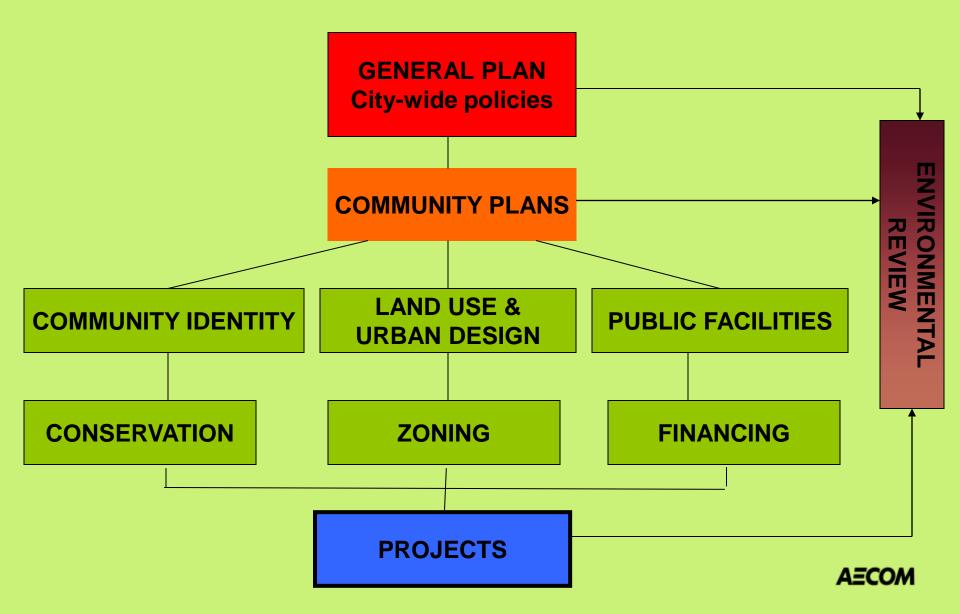


Implemented Through Community Plans

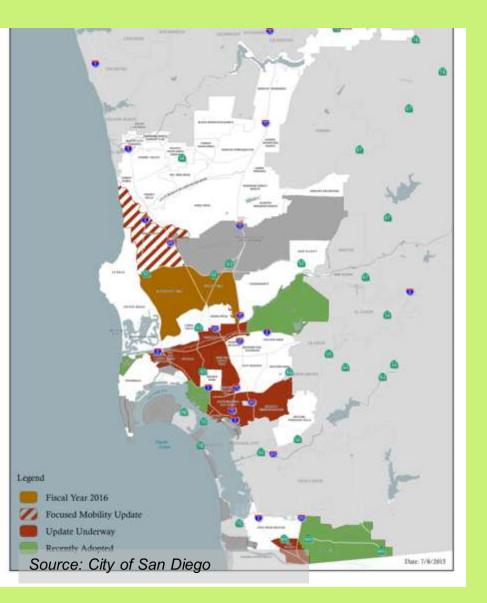




Planning and Implementation



Community Plan Update Program







Why Community Plans?

- Scale of City 52 planning areas
- Provide detail not possible at citywide scale
- Address diverse landscape, topography and neighborhoods
- Facilitate public participation



Role of General and Community Plans

General Plan

- Citywide vision + policies
- Citywide housing goals
- Menu of standardized land use designations
- Guidance for community plan
 preparation
- Tool box policies for implementation
- No changes to land use or zoning at GP level

Community Plan

- Designate land uses and densities
 - Village locations
 - Mix of housing
 - Site specific guidance
- Identify areas of stability and transition
- Refine citywide policies to fit context
- Streamline to focus on community specific issues.

Plan Components and Objectives

Identify village sites Refine citywide policies Apply citywide zoning Establish impact fees **Basis for CIP Identify incentives Prepare Program EIR**

Implement General Plan & Climate Action Plan
Increase housing supply
Protect employment lands
Streamline future development
Build consensus

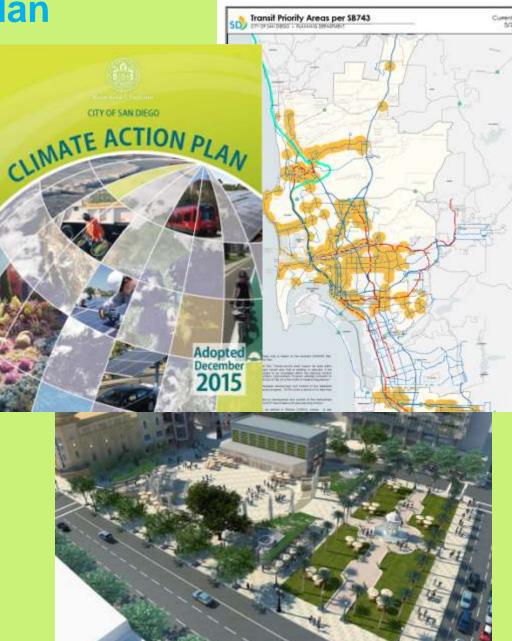
ZEC Climate Action Plan

Implement City of Villages Strategy

- Transit-supportive
 density/intensity
- Transit Priority Measures
- Bike and walk system
 improvements
- Public spaces

Aggressive mode split goals in Transit Priority Areas

- Within ½ Mile of High Quality Transit Areas
- Based on San Diego Forward network



CAP Targets for Mobility

2035 50% of Commuter Trips in Transit Priority Areas

- 25% Transit
- 18% Bicycle
- 7% Walking

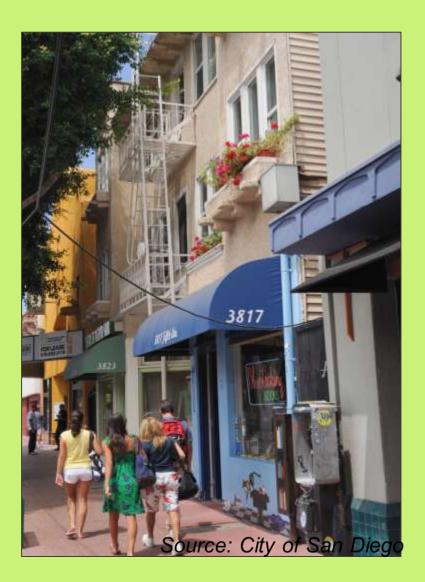






Study Area - 1 - Proposed Developmer View from Cadid Avenue and SSRA off-rarep today such Lend Use - Community Communical will added (SAR disclor, non-residential FAR-1

Land Development Code Toolbox



- Commercial/Mixed-Use zones
- Pedestrian-Oriented Design standards
- Artisan Zones
- Urban Agriculture regs
- Parking reductions for mixeduse, transit proximity
- Tandem parking
- Bicycle parking & amenities
- Small lot and townhouse zones
- Landscape Standards
 - Street trees required
 - Turf limited
 - Water conservation mandates



Housing Affordability Initiatives





- Expanded density bonus and incentives program
- Parking reductions
- Lower decision-making process level approvals
- Increasing community plan housing capacity
- Inclusionary housing
- Workforce housing density
 program in process
- Housing Commission programs

Completed Plans Since 2014

Community Plan Updates

- Otay Mesa
- Grantville Master Plan
- Southeastern San Diego
- Encanto Neighborhoods
- Ocean Beach
- Uptown
- North Park
- Greater Golden Hill
- San Ysidro



CPUs In-Process

- Barrio Logan
- Old Town
- Midway Pacific Highway
- Mission Valley
- Clairemont

- Kearny Mesa
- University (FY 18)
- Mira Mesa (FY 18)







Community Plan Update Case Studies

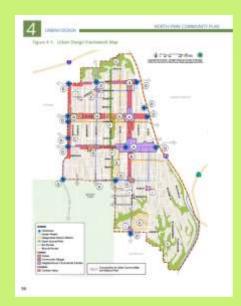


North Park

- Focuses new growth in multi-modal transit- and pedestrian-oriented corridors
- Increases mixed-use while retaining established low density and historic neighborhood fabric.
- Identifies park opportunities
- Creates economic opportunities







Development Types and Land Use Classifications

Residential – Medium High (30-44 du/ac)

Medium-High Residential supports compact and compatible condominium/apartment buildings that are typically designed with single or double-loaded access corridors.

Residential – High (45-54 du/ac)

High Residential allows for condominium/apartment buildings that range between 3 to 5 stories. Residential – Very High (55-73 du/ac)

Very High Residential allows for condominium/ apartment buildings that range.







Development Types and Land Use Classifications

Neighborhood Commercial

(0-29 and 0-73 du/ac)

Neighborhood Commercial provides for small-scale, pedestrian-oriented commercial development that primarily serves local neighborhood

uses. Housing is allowed in a mixed-use setting, with residential densities that can range between 0-29 du/ac, and 0-73 du/ac.

Community Commercial (0-29, 0-44, 0-54, 0-73, and 0-109 du/ac)

Community Commercial provides for retail and mixed-used development that occurs at activity centers. Can accommodate medium scale retail, office and civic uses. Housing is allowed in a mixeduse setting.

Community Commercial: Transit-Oriented Development (0-29, 0-44, 0-54, 0-73, and 0-109 du/ac)

> Community Commercial in Transit-Oriented Development Enhancement Program Areas provides for community-wide retail and mixed-use development along the Bus Rapid Transit Corridor. The Transit-Oriented Development Enhancement Program would allow for up to 145 dwelling units per acre through a Planned Development Permit (PDP).







Community Plan Enhancement Program

Pedestrian-Oriented Infill Development Program (29-73 du/ac)

The Pedestrian-Oriented Infill Development Enhancement Program is intended to create more street and pedestrian friendly projects. Allows for the density range for this area to be increased up to 73 dwelling units per acre from 44 dus/acre, whereby an applicant may request approval of the increased density on a specific property through a PDP.

Transit-Oriented Development Enhancement Program

(0-145 du/ac) The Transit-Oriented Development Enhancement Program would allow for the density range to be increased to 145 dwelling units per acre through a Planned Development Permit (PDP). Housing is allowed in a mixed-use setting, with residential densities that can range between 0-145 du/ac.



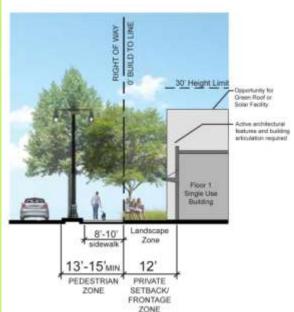
Streetscape and Public Realm



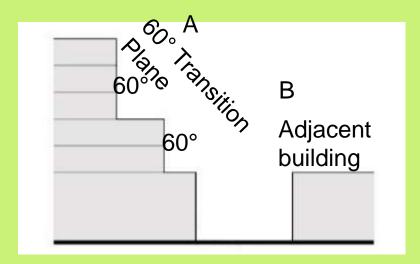


- Plaza Design
- Streetscape Furnishings
- Alleyways
- Lighting and Signage
- Screening and Service
 Areas





Development Transition Area Policies



- Design higher scale buildings to incorporate a transition to minimize visual intrusiveness to lower scale buildings
- Utilize transition planes to orient bulk and massing towards transit corridors

KEARNY MESA COMMUNITY PLAN UPDATE

May 24, 2017 SUBCOMMITTEE MEETING

Economic Context Report Summary







CONVOY ST.

Prime Industrial Lands (PIL)

- Kearny Mesa has 549 acres of PIL (light blue)
- PIL constitutes more than half of the industrial land

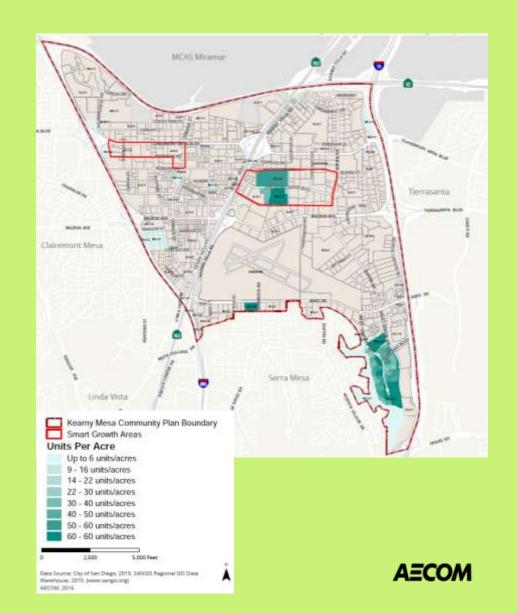






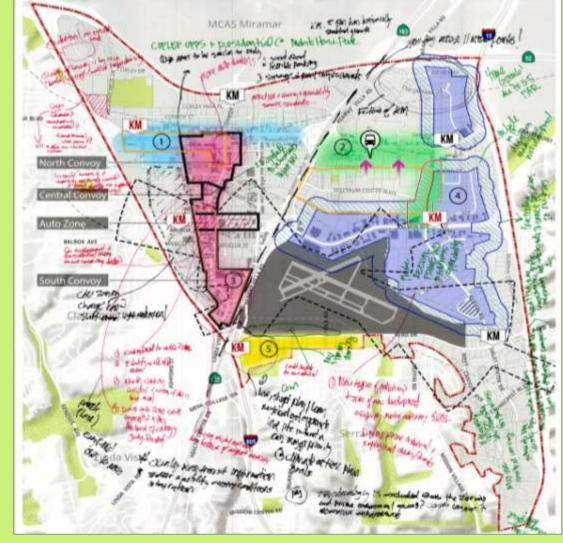
Smart Growth Employment Areas

- Smart Growth Incentive Program grant from SANDAG
- Funding to support the land use and zoning strategy update for mixed-use smart growth development
- Complements the Community Plan Update process



Opportunity & Constraints Input

 April Subcommittee feedback on Draft Opportunities & Constraints map





Lessons Learned



Lessons Learned: The Scales of Planning





Lessons Learned: Continuing Planning Challenges

- Regional Transportation Plan and Mode Investment Priorities
- Community Infrastructure Financing
- Operations & Maintenance Costs
- General Plan Standards
- Parking Policies
- Market Support
- Infill Development Costs & Risks
- Urban Design
- Density tolerance
- Application of Forecasts



Lessons Learned: CPU Program

Challenges

- Consistent Funding & Staffing
- Project Management
- On Call Consultants
- Environmental and Traffic Studies Scope
- Public Outreach Parameters
- Data Driven Prioritization System
- Role of Community Planning Groups
- Division of Labor

Types of Updates

Comprehensive : 36 months

- Full range of update issues
- Likely Environmental Impact Report

Focused: 24-36 months

- Targeted land use/mobility changes
- Limited issue areas
- Environmental document

Clean-up: 18-24 months

- Limited issue areas
- No traffic studies

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CHARLES POSTA